SENATE

Report No. 913

AMENDMENTS TO THE ACT OF JUNE 8, 1938, AS AMENDED, REQUIRING THE REGISTRATION OF AGENTS OF FOREIGN PRINCIPALS

DECEMBER 16, 1941.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Kilgore, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany S. 2060]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill S. 2060, to amend the act entitled "An act to require the registration of certain persons employed by agencies to disseminate propaganda in the United States, and for other purposes," approved June 8, 1938, as amended, having considered the same, report favorably thereon, with an amendment, and recommend that the bill do pass.

Amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and

inserting the following:

That the Act of June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 631, U. S. C., title 22, sec. 233 (a) to sec. 233 (g)), entitled "An Act to require the registration of certain persons employed by agencies to disseminate propaganda in the United States, and for other purposes", as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### "POLICY AND PURPOSE

"It is hereby declared to be the policy and purpose of this Act to protect the national defense, internal security, and foreign relations of the United States by requiring public disclosure by persons engaging in propaganda activities and other activities for or on behalf of foreign governments, foreign political parties, and other foreign principals so that the Government and the people of the United States may be informed of the identity of such persons and may appraise their statements and actions in the light of their associations and activities."

#### "DEFINITIONS

"Section 1. As used in and for the purposes of this Act—
"(a) The term 'person' includes an individual, partnership, association, corporation, organization, or any other combination of individuals;
"(b) The term 'foreign principal' includes—

"(1) a government of a foreign country and a foreign political party;
"(2) an individual affiliated or associated with, or supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized, in whole or in part, by any foreign principal defined in clause (1) of this section 1 (b);

"(3) a person outside of the United States, unless it is established that such person is an individual and is a citizen of and domiciled within the United States or that such person is not an individual, is organized under or created by the laws of the United States or of any State or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, and has its principal place of business within the United States. Nothing in this clause (3) shall limit the operation of clause (5) of this section 1 (b);

"(4) a partnership, association, corporation, organization, or other combination of individuals organized under the laws of, or having its principal

place of business in, a foreign country;
"(5) a domestic partnership, association, corporation, organization, or other combination of individuals, subsidized directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, by any foreign principal defined in clause (1), (3), or (4) of this section 1 (b);

"(c) Except as provided in section 1 (d) hereof, the term 'agent of a foreign principal' includes-

"(1) any person who acts or agrees to act, within the United States, as, or who is or holds himself out to be whether or not pursuant to contractual relationship, a public-relations counsel, publicity agent, information-service employee, servant, agent, representative, or attorney for a foreign principal; "(2) any person who within the United States collects information for or

reports information to a foreign principal; who within the United States solicits or accepts compensation, contributions, or loans, directly or indirectly, from a foreign principal; who within the United States solicits, disburses, dispenses, or collects compensation, contributions, loans, money, or anything of value, directly or indirectly, for a foreign principal; who within the United States acts at the order, request, or under the direction of a foreign principal;

"(3) any person who assumes or purports to act within the United States as an agent of a foreign principal in any of the respects set forth in clauses

(1) and (2) of this section 1 (c); and

"(4) any person who is an officer or member of the active or reserve military, naval, or other armed forces of any foreign principal defined in clause
(1) of section 1 (b) hereof, or who is an officer of or employed by any such foreign principal; and proof of any affiliation or employment, specified in this clause (4), of any person within a period of five years previous to the effective date of this Act shall create a rebuttable presumption that such person is an agent of a foreign principal;

"(d) The term 'agent of a foreign principal' does not include any news or press service or association organized under the laws of the United States or of any State or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, or any newspaper, magazine, periodical, or other publication for which there is on file with the Postmaster General a sworn statement in compliance with section 2 of the Act of August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 553), as amended, published in the United States, solely by virtue of any bona fide news or journalistic activities, including the solicitation or acceptance of advertisements, subscriptions, or other compensation therefor, so long as it is at least 80 per centum beneficially owned by, and its officers and directors, if any, are citizens of the United States, and such news or press service or association, newspaper, magazine, periodical, or other publication is not owned, directed, supervised, controlled, subsidized, or financed, and none of its policies are determined by any foreign principal defined in clause (1), (2), or (4) of section 1 (b) hereof, or by any agent of a foreign principal required to register under this Act;

"(e) The term 'government of a foreign country' includes any person or group of persons exercising sovereign de facto or de jure political jurisdiction over any country, other than the United States, or over any part of such country, and includes any subdivision of any such group and any group or agency to which such sovereign de facto or de jure authority or functions are directly or indirectly delegated. Such term shall include any faction or body of insurgents within a

country assuming to exercise governmental authority whether such faction or body of insurgents has or has not been recognized by the United States; "(f) The term 'foreign political party' includes any organization or any other combination of individuals in a country other than the United States, or any unit or branch thereof, having for an aim or purpose, or which is engaged in any activity devoted in whole or in part to, the establishment, administration, control, or -acquisition of administration or control, of a government of a foreign country or

a subdivision thereof, or the furtherance or influencing of the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a subdivision thereof;

"(g) The term 'public-relations counsel' includes any person who engages directly or indirectly in informing, advising, or in any way representing a principal

in any matter pertaining to political or public interests, policies, or relations;
"(h) The term 'publicity agent' includes any person who engages directly or indirectly in the publication or dissemination of oral, visual, graphic, written, or pictorial information or matter of any kind, including publication by means of advertising, books, periodicals, newspapers, lectures, broadcasts, motion pictures,

or otherwise;
"(i) The term 'information-service employee' includes any person who is engaged in furnishing, dissemination, or publishing accounts, descriptions, information, or data with respect to the political, industrial, employment, economic, social, cultural or other benefits, advantages, facts, or conditions of any country other than the United States or of any government of a foreign country or of a foreign political party or of a partnership, association, corporation, organization, or other combination of individuals organized under the laws of, or having its principal

place of business in, a foreign country;
"(j) The term 'political propaganda' includes any oral, visual, graphic, written, pictorial, or other communication or expression by any person (1) which is reasonably adapted to, or which the person disseminating the same believes will, or which he intends to, prevail upon, indoctrinate, convert, induce, or in any other way influence a recipient or any section of the public within the United States with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or of a foreign political party or with reference to the foreign policies of the United States or promote in the United States racial, religious, or social dissension, or (2) which advocates, advises, instigates, or promotes any racial, social, political, or religious disorder, civil riot, or other conflict involving the use of force or violence in any other American republic or the overthrow of any government or political subdivision of any other American republic by any means involving the use of force or violence. As used in this section 1 (j) the term 'disseminating' includes transmitting or causing to be transmitted in the United States mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce or offering or causing to be offered in the United States mails;
"(k) The term 'registration statement' means the registration statement re-

quired to be filed with the Attorney General under section 2 (a) hereof, and any supplements thereto required to be filed under section 2 (b) hereof, and includes all documents and papers required to be filed therewith or amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, whether attached thereto or incorporated therein by

reference;

"(1) The term 'American republic' includes any of the states which were signatory to the Final Act of the Second Meeting of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs

of the American Republics at Habana, Cuba, July 30, 1940;
"(m) The term 'United States', when used in a geographical sense, includes the several States, the District of Columbia, the Territories, the Canal Zone, the insular possessions, including the Philippine Islands, and all other places now or

hereafter subject to the civil or military jurisdiction of the United States; "(n) The term 'prints' means newspapers and periodicals, books, pamphlets, sheet music, visiting cards, address cards, printing proofs, engravings, photographs, pictures, drawings, plans, maps, patterns to be cut out, catalogs, prospectuses, advertisements, and printed, engraved, lithographed, or autographed notices of various kinds, and, in general, all impressions or reproductions obtained on paper or other material assimilable to paper, on parchment or on cardboard, by means of printing, engraving, lithography, autography, or any other easily recognizable mechanical process, with the exception of the copying press, stamps with movable or immovable type, and the typewriter.

#### "REGISTRATION

"Sec. 2. (a) No person shall act as an agent of a foreign principal unless he has filed with the Attorney General a true and complete registration statement and supplements thereto as required by this section 2 (a) and section 2 (b) hereof or unless he is exempt from registration under the provisions of this Act. hereinafter provided, every person who is an agent of a foreign principal on the effective date of this Act shall, within ten days thereafter, and every person who becomes an agent of a foreign principal after the effective date of this Act shall, within ten days thereafter, file with the Attorney General, in duplicate, a regis-



tration statement, under oath, on a form prescribed by the Attorney General, of which one copy shall be transmitted promptly by the Attorney General to the Secretary of State for such comment, if any, as the Secretary of State may desire to make from the point of view of the foreign relations of the United States. Failure of the Attorney General so to transmit such copy shall not be a bar to prosecution under this Act. The registration statement shall include the following, which shall be regarded as material for the purposes of this Act:

"(1) Registrant's name, principal business address, and all other business

addresses in the United States or elsewhere, and all residence addresses, if any;

"(2) Status of the registrant; if an individual, nationality; if a partnership, name, residence addresses, and nationality of each partner and a true and complete copy of its articles of copartnership; if an association, corporation, organization, or any other combination of individuals, the name, residence addresses, and nationality of each director and officer and of each person performing the functions of a director or officer and a true and complete copy of its charter, articles of incorporation, association, constitution, and bylaws, and amendments thereto; a copy of every other instrument or document and a statement of the terms and conditions of every oral agreement relating to its organization, powers, and purposes; and a statement of its ownership and control;

"(3) A comprehensive statement of the nature of registrant's business; a complete list of registrant's employees and a statement of the nature of the work of each, unless, and to the extent, this requirement is waived in writing by the Attorney General; the name and address of every foreign principal for whom the registrant is acting, assuming or purporting to act or has agreed to act; the character of the business or other activities of every such foreign principal, and, if any such foreign principal be other than a natural person, a statement of the ownership and control of each; and the extent, if any, to which each such foreign principal is supervised, directed, owned, controlled, financed, or subsidized, in whole or in part, by any government of a foreign country or foreign political party;

(4) Copies of each written agreement and the terms and conditions of each oral agreement, including all modifications of such agreements, or, where no contract exists, a full statement of all the circumstances, by reason of which the registrant is an agent of a foreign principal; a comprehensive statement of the nature and method of performance of each such contract, and of the existing and proposed activity or activities engaged in or to be engaged in by the registrant as agent of a foreign principal for each such foreign principal;

"(5) The nature and amount of contributions, income, money, or thing of value, if any, that the registrant has received within the preceding sixty days from each such foreign principal, either as compensation or for disbursement or otherwise, and the form and time of each such payment and from whom received;

"(6) A detailed statement of every activity which the registrant is performing or is assuming or purporting or has agreed to perform for himself or any other

person other than a foreign principal and which requires his registration hereunder; "(7) The name, business, and residence addresses, and, if an individual, the nationality, of any person who has within the preceding sixty days contributed or paid money or anything of value to the registrant in connection with any of the activities referred to in clause (6) of this section 2 (a) and the amount or value

of the same;
"(8) A detailed statement of the money and other things of value spent or disposed of by the registrant during the preceding sixty days in furtherance of or in any way in connection with activities which require his registration hereunder and which have been undertaken by him either as an agent of a foreign principal

or for himself or any other person;
"(9) Copies of each written agreement and the terms and conditions of each oral agreement, including all modifications of such agreements, or, where no contract exists, a full statement of all the circumstances, by reason of which the registrant is performing or assuming or purporting or has agreed to perform for himself or for a foreign principal or for any person other than a foreign principal any activities which require his registration hereunder;

"(10) Such other statements, information, or documents pertinent to the purposes of this Act as the Attorney General, having due regard for the national

security and the public interest, may from time to time require;
"(11) Such further statements and such further copies of documents as are necessary to make the statements made in the registration statement and supplements thereto, and the copies of documents furnished therewith, not misleading

"(b) Every agent of a foreign principal who has filed a registration statement required by section 2 (a) hereof shall, within thirty days after the expiration of

each period of six months succeeding such filing, file with the Attorney General a supplement thereto under oath, on a form prescribed by the Attorney General, which shall set forth with respect to such preceding six months' period such facts as the Attorney General, having due regard for the national security and the public interest, may deem necessary to make the information required under section 2 hereof accurate, complete, and current with respect to such period. In connection with the information furnished under clauses (3), (4), (6), and (9) of section 2 (a) hereof, the registrant shall give notice to the Attorney General of any changes therein within ten days after such changes occur. If the Attorney General having due regard for the national security and the public interest, determines that it is necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, he may, in any particular case, require supplements to the registration statement to be filed at more frequent intervals in respect to all or particular items of information to be furnished.

"(c) The registration statement and supplements thereto shall be executed under oath as follows: If the registrant is an individual, by him; if the registrant is a partnership, by a majority of the members thereof; if the registrant is a person other than an individual or a partnership, by a majority of the officers thereof or persons performing the functions of officers or by a majority of the board of directors thereof or persons performing the functions of directors, if any.

"(d) The fact that a registration statement or supplement thereto has been filed shall not necessarily be deemed a full compliance with this Act and the regulations thereunder on the part of the registrant; nor shall it indicate that the Attorney General has in any way passed upon the merits of such registration statement or supplement thereto; nor shall it preclude prosecution, as provided for in this Act, for willful failure to file a registration statement or supplement thereto when due or for a willful false statement of a material fact therein or the willful omission of a material fact required to be stated therein or the willful omission of a material fact or copy of a material document necessary to make the

statements made in a registration statement and supplements thereto, and the copies of documents furnished therewith, not misleading.

"(e) If any agent of a foreign principal, required to register under the provisions of this Act, has previously thereto registered with the Attorney General under the provisions of the Act of October 17, 1940 (54 Stat. 1201), the Attorney General, in order to eliminate inappropriate duplication, may permit the incorporation by reference in the registration statement and supplements thereto filed here. tion by reference in the registration statement or supplements thereto filed hereunder of any information or documents previously filed by such agent of a foreign principal under the provisions of the Act of October 17, 1940 (54 Stat. 1201).

# "EXEMPTIONS

"SEC. 3. The requirements of section 2 (a) hereof shall not apply to the fol-

lowing agents of foreign principals:

"(a) A duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer of a foreign government who is so recognized by the Department of State, while said officer is engaged exclusively in activities which are recognized by the Department of State as being

within the scope of the functions of such officer;

"(b) Any official of a foreign government, if such government is recognized by the United States, who is not a public-relations counsel, publicity agent, information-service employee, or a citizen of the United States, whose name and status and the character of whose duties as such official are of public record in the Department of State, while said official is engaged exclusively in activities which are recognized by the Department of State as being within the scope of the func-

tions of such official;

(c) Any member of the staff of, or any person employed by, a duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer of a foreign government who is so recognized by the Department of State, other than a public-relations counsel, publicity agent, or information-service employee, whose name and status and the character of whose duties as such member or employee are of public record in the Department of State, while said member or employee is engaged exclusively in the performance of activities which are recognized by the Department of State as being within the scope of the functions of such member or employee;

"(d) Any person engaging or agreeing to engage only in private, nonpolitical, financial, mercantile, or other activities in furtherance of the bona fide trade or commerce of such foreign principal or in the soliciting or collecting of funds and contributions within the United States to be used only for medical aid and assistance, or for food and clothing to relieve human suffering, if such solicitation or collection of funds and contributions is in accordance with and subject to the

provisions of the Act of November 4, 1939, as amended (54 Stat. 48), and such

rules and regulations as may be prescribed thereunder.

"The exemption under this subsection shall not be available to any person who knowingly secures or acquires, or assists in securing or acquiring, or attempts to secure or acquire, on behalf of a foreign principal or principals, for any purpose whatsoever, the ownership or control, direct or indirect, of 1 per centum or more of the outstanding voting securities, or the direction or control by any means whatsoever of any of the policies of or of any partnership, association, corporation, organization, or other combination of individuals, organized or operating as a business enterprise under the laws of the United States or of any State or other place subject to the political or military jurisdiction of the United States,

"(e) Any person engaging or agreeing to engage only in activities in furtherance of bona fide religious, scholastic, academic, or scientific pursuits or of the fine arts.

## "FILING AND LABELING OF POLITICAL PROPAGANDA

"Sec. 4. (a) Every person within the United States who is an agent of a foreign principal and required to register under the provisions of this Act and who transmits or causes to be transmitted in the United States mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce any political propaganda (i) in the form of prints, or (ii) in any other form which is reasonably adapted to being, or which he believes will be, or which he intends to be disseminated or circulated among two or more persons shall, not later than forty-eight hours after the beginning of the transmittal thereof, send to the Librarian of Congress two copies thereof and file with the Attorney General one copy thereof and a statement, duly signed by or on behalf of such agent, setting forth full information

as to the places, times, and extent of such transmittal.

"(b) It shall be unlawful for any person within the United States who is an agent of a foreign principal and required to register under the provisions of this Act to transmit or cause to be transmitted in the United States mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce any political propaganda (i) in the form of prints, or (ii) in any other form which is reasonably adapted to being, or which he believes will be, or which he intends to be, disseminated or circulated among two or more persons, unless such political propaganda is conspicuously marked at its beginning with, or prefaced or accompanied by, a true and accurate statement, in the language or languages used in such political propaganda, setting forth that the person transmitting such political propaganda or causing it to be transmitted is registered under this Act with the Department of Justice, Washington, District of Columbia, as an agent of a foreign principal, together with the name and address of such agent of a foreign principal and of the foreign princ each of his foreign principals; that, as required by this Act, his registration statement is available for inspection at and copies of such political propaganda are being filed with the Department of Justice; and that registration of agents of foreign principals required by the Act does not indicate approval by the United States Government of the contents of their political propaganda. The Attorney General, having due regard for the national security and the public interest, may by regulation prescribe the language or languages and the manner and form in which such statement shall be made and require the inclusion of such other information contained in the registration statement identifying such agent of a foreign principal and such political propaganda and its sources as may be appropriate.

"(e) The copies of political propaganda required by this Act to be sent to the

tions as he may prescribe. (d) For purposes of the Library of Congress, other than for public distribution, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Postmaster General are authorized, upon the request of the Librarian of Congress, to forward to the Library of Congress fifty copies, or as many fewer thereof as are available, of all foreign prints determined to be prohibited entry under the provisions of section 305 of title III of the Act of June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 688), and of all foreign prints excluded from the mails under authority of section 1 of title XII of the Act of June

Librarian of Congress shall be available for public inspection under such regula-

15, 1917 (40 Stat. 230).
"Notwithstanding the provisions of section 305 of title III of the Act of June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 688), and of section 1 of title XII of the Act of June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 230), the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to permit the entry and the Postmaster General is authorized to permit the transmittal in the mails of foreign prints imported for governmental purposes by authority or for the use of the United States or for the use of the Library of Congress.

#### "BOOKS AND RECORDS

"Sec. 5. Every agent of a foreign principal registered under this Act shall keep and preserve while he is an agent of a foreign principal such books of account and other records with respect to all his activities, the disclosure of which is required under the provisions of this Act, as the Attorney General, having due regard for the national security and the public interest, may by regulation prescribe as necessary or appropriate for the enforcement of the provisions of this Act and shall preserve the same for a period of three years following the termination of such status. Until regulations are in effect under this section every agent of a foreign principal shall keep books of account and shall preserve all written records with respect to his activities. Such books and records shall be open at all reasonable times to the inspection of any official charged with the enforcement of this Act. It shall be unlawful for any person willfully to conceal destroy, obliterate, mutilate, or falsify, or to attempt to conceal, destroy, obliterate, mutilate, or falsify, or to cause to be concealed, destroyed, obliterated, mutilated, or falsified, any books or records required to be kept under the provisions of this section.

### "PUBLIC EXAMINATION OF OFFICIAL RECORDS

"SEC. 6. The Attorney General shall retain in permanent form one copy of all registration statements and all statements concerning the distribution of political propaganda furnished under this Act, and the same shall be public records and open to public examination and inspection at such reasonable hours, under such regulations, as the Attorney General may prescribe, and copies of the same shall be furnished to every applicant at such reasonable fee as the Attorney General may prescribe. The Attorney General may withdraw from public examination the registration statement and other statements of any agent of a foreign principal whose activities have ceased to be of a character which requires registration under the provisions of this Act.

## "LIABILITY OF OFFICERS

"SEC. 7. Each officer, or person performing the functions of an officer, and each director, or person performing the functions of a director, of an agent of a foreign principal which is not an individual shall be under obligation to cause such agent to execute and file a registration statement and supplements thereto as and when such filing is required under sections 2 (a) and 2 (b) hereof and shall also be under obligation to cause such agent to comply with all the requirements of sections 4 (a), 4 (b), and 5 and all other requirements of this Act. In case of failure of any such agent of a foreign principal to comply with any of the requirements of this Act, each of its officers, or persons performing the functions of officers, and each of its directors, or persons performing the functions of directors, shall be subject to prosecution therefor.

## "ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

"SEC. 8. (a) Any person who—

"(1) willfully violates any provision of this Act or any regulation there-

under, or "(2) in any registration statement or supplement thereto or in any statement under section 4 (a) hereof concerning the distribution of political propaganda or in any other document filed with or furnished to the Attorney General under the provisions of this Act willfully makes a false statement of a material act or willfully omits any material fact required to be stated therein or willfully omits a material fact or a copy of a material document necessary to make the statements therein and the copies of documents furnished therewith not misleading,

shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or

by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

"(b) In any proceeding under this Act in which it is charged that a person is an agent of a foreign principal with respect to a foreign principal outside of the United States, proof of the specific identity of the foreign principal shall be permissible

but not necessary.

"(c) Any alien who shall be convicted of a violation of, or a conspiracy to violate, any provision of this Act or any regulation thereunder shall be subject to deportation in the manner provided by sections 19 and 20 of the Immigration Act of 1917 (39 Stat. 889, 890), as amended.

"(d) The Postmaster General may declare to be nonmailable any communication or expression falling within clause (2) of section 1 (j) hereof in the form of prints or in any other form reasonably adapted to, or reasonably appearing to be intended for, dissemination or circulation among two or more persons, which is offered or caused to be offered for transmittal in the United States mails to any person or persons in any other American republic by any agent of a foreign principal, if the Postmaster General is informed in writing by the Secretary of State that the duly accredited diplomatic representative of such American republic has made written representation to the Department of State that the admission or circulation of such communication or expression in such American republic is prohibited by the laws thereof and has requested in writing that its transmittal thereto be stopped.

"APPLICABILITY OF ACT

"Sec. 9. This Act shall be applicable in the several States, the District of Columbia, the Territories, the Canal Zone, the insular possessions, including the Philippine Islands, and all other places now or hereafter subject to the civil or military jurisdiction of the United States.

## "RULES AND REGULATIONS

"SEc. 10. The Attorney General may at any time make, prescribe, amend, and rescind such rules, regulations, and forms as he may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

#### "REPORTS TO THE CONGRESS

"Sec. 11. The Attorney General shall, from time to time, make a report to the Congress concerning the administration of this Act, including the nature, sources, and content of political propaganda disseminated or distributed.

### "SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

"Sec. 12. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provisions to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby. "Sec. 13. This Act is in addition to and not in substitution for any other existing statute.

# "SHORT TITLE

"Sec. 14. This Act may be cited as the 'Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended'."

### TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 2. Upon the effective date of this Act, all powers, duties, and functions of the Secretary of State under the Act of June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 631), as amended, shall be transferred to and become vested in the Attorney General, together with all property, books, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations used by or available to the Secretary of State for carrying out the functions devolving on him under the above-cited Act. All rules, regulations, and forms which have been issued by the Secretary of State pursuant to the provisions of said Act, and which are in effect, shall continue in effect until modified, superseded, revoked, or repealed.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after the date of its approval, except that prior to such sixtieth day the Attorney General may make, prescribe, amend, and rescind such rules, regulations, and forms as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

The purpose of this bill is to clarify and strengthen the present act of 1938 which it seeks to amend. The bill does not, however, change the fundamental approach of the original statute, nor alter its scheme of administration. Neither is the bill designed to include many new classes of persons not subject to the provisions of the present statute.

The four major changes or additions which the bill proposes are as follows:

1. A new provision has been added to require the labeling of all political propaganda disseminated in this country by registrable foreign agents. This requires a statement on every piece of political propaganda which such persons disseminate in the mails or in interstate or foreign commerce to the effect that it is sent by a registered foreign agent, his name and address, and that his registration statement, as well as copies of his political propaganda, are on file for public inspection.

2. The administration of the act is transferred from the Department of State, where it has been lodged since the original act was passed to the Department of Justice, and all registrants are required to file copies of all political propaganda distributed by them with the

Department of Justice and with the Library of Congress.

3. The application of the statute is extended to include the use of the United States by foreign agents as a base for propaganda activities in Central and South America.

4. The enforcement provisions of the act are strengthened and

clarified through various detailed changes in language.

Several of the specific changes which the bill would make in the

present act also deserve particular mention.

The act has been prefaced by a section stating the policy and purpose of the statute and emphasizing its function as a means of enabling the people of the United States to appraise the propaganda and other activities of foreign agents in the light of their associations and

background.

In the definition of "foreign principal," which is used in establishing the foreign agency relationship requiring registration, a new concept has been added to the term as defined in the present act. Section 1 (b) (2) now includes as a "foreign principal" an individual associated with or controlled by a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party. This extension will make the employees of such an individual, who is an agent of a foreign government or foreign political party, themselves agents subject to registration, if they participate in unexempted political activities for such individual or otherwise.

The term "political propaganda" is comprehensively defined in section 1 (j) of the bill. This is necessitated by the addition of the provisions mentioned which require that all political propaganda disseminated by agents of foreign principals through the mails or by interstate or foreign commerce be properly labeled and copies be filed with the Attorney General and Librarian of Congress. Although this definition is a broad one, it is not used to determine who is an "agent of a foreign principal." This is determined by reference to other tests which are substantially those employed in the present act. Once a person has been found to be such a foreign agent, however, then it seems desirable that any material which he disseminates that may be classed as political propaganda be properly labeled and copies filed.

The present act is also improved by explicit enlargement of the registration provisions so as to render them more efficacious for dis-

closure and investigative purposes.

The exemptions from registration granted in section 3 of the bill, including the exemption for persons engaged only in private and non-political activities in furtherance of bona fide trade or commerce, are substantially those contained in the present act, with one important exception. The exemption under section 3 (d) is not made available



to persons in this country who, as agents of foreign principals, are engaged in the acquisition for their foreign principal of control of or a substantial influence in American corporations. Such persons are, in many ways, comparable to propaganda agents and are part of the process of total infiltration. As to such foreign agents, public disclosure of their activities is believed desirable and consistent with the p rposes of the bill.

Adequate provision has been made in section 4 (d) of the bill to insure the receipt by the Library of Congress and any other department or agency of the Federal Government of samples of political propaganda for official purposes which might otherwise not be permitted entry into the country or transmittal in the mails under the

laws of the United States.

In a prosecution under the act the proof on the part of the Government of the existence of an agent-of-a-foreign-principal relationship has been somewhat facilitated by section 8 (b) of the bill which makes permissible, but not necessary, the proof of the specific identity of a foreign principal. Even without proving such identity the Government has a substantial burden of proving both that the defendant engaged in certain transactions covered by the act with a "foreign principal" as defined, and that the transactions are of such a character as to make the defendant an agent with respect to such foreign principal. Requiring proof of additional specific facts (such as, for example, the nationality or sex of the foreign principal, or that the name used refers to a real individual and is not an alias for an organization or corporation of individuals) would add a burden which experience has shown the Government often cannot meet and at the same time would not confer any appreciable benefit on the defendant, since the issue alr ady tendered him is very specific.

The original penalties for violations of the act have been increased from a maximum fine of \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both, to a maximum fine of \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both. These new penalties are comparable to those fixed under the similar statute which requires registration with the Attorney General of certain subversive organizations (act of

October 17, 1940, 54 Stat. 1201).

The bill has received the approval of the Post Office Department and the transfer of the administration of the act from the Department of State where it now rests, to the Department of Justice has received

The following letter from the Attorney General, addressed to the chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary sets forth the views and recommendations of the Department of Justice on this bill, and is hereby made a part of this report:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, November 24, 1941.

Hon. Frederick Van Nuys, Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

the approval of both of the Departments concerned.

My Dear Senator: This acknowledges your request for my views relative to a bill (S. 2060) to amend the act entitled "An act to require the registration of certain persons employed by agencies to disseminate propaganda in the United States, and for other purposes," approved June 8, 1938, as amended.

Under existing law, every person who is an agent of a foreign principal is required to file a registration statement with the Secretary of State, setting forth certain information disclosing the neture of his relationship to such foreign

certain information disclosing the nature of his relationship to such foreign principal (52 Stat. 631, U. S. Code, title 22, secs. 233a-233g).

The exigencies of the national emergency and the experience under the present law indicate the desirability of broadening and clarifying amendments to the

The main features of the proposed bill, which would extend and strengthen

the provisions of the existing law, may be summarized as follows:

The definitions of "foreign principal" and "agent of a foreign principal" are made more specific so as to include all organizations and persons whose activities should properly subject them to the registration requirements of the bill because of their being engaged in dissemination of political propaganda (sec. 1 (b), 1 (c)).

The registration statement of an agent of a foreign principal engaged in the dissemination of political propaganda would require full information as to his relationships, status, activities, and financial transactions (sec. 2 (a)). This provision of the bill is merely declaratory with respect to the requirements of the registration statement of foreign agents as now prescribed or may be prescribed by the Secretary of State under section 2 of the existing statute (U. S. Code, title 22, sec. 233b).

The existing law provides exemptions for duly accredited diplomatic and consular officers, nonpolitical private agents of foreign principals, and persons engaged as agents of foreign principals in the furtherance of bona fide religious, scholastic, academic, or scientific pursuits (sec. 3). A further exemption is provided by the bill for bona fide news agencies, newspapers, and periodicals by excluding them, if properly entitled to such exclusion, from the scope of the term "agent of a

foreign principal" (sec. 1 (d)).

The bill would require registered agents to file copies of political propaganda material with the Library of Congress and the Attorney General, and prior to the transmission of such propaganda in interstate commerce or through the mails, to label it in such manner as to disclose and identify its source and contents (sec. 4).

The bill would transfer administration of the act from the Secretary of State to the Attorney General, because such activities impinge on the functions of the Department of Justice rather than on those of the Department of State (sec. 2).

I am of the opinion that the proposed legislation would be in the interests of national defense and internal security, and, accordingly, I recommend its enact-

ment.

It is my understanding that the proposed legislation meets with the approval of the Post Office Department and the Department of State. I am also informed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget that the proposed legislation is in accord with the program of the President.

Sincerely yours,

FRANCIS BIDDLE, Attorney General.

